

## *The process*

1. What is the present situation?

2. What is our goal?

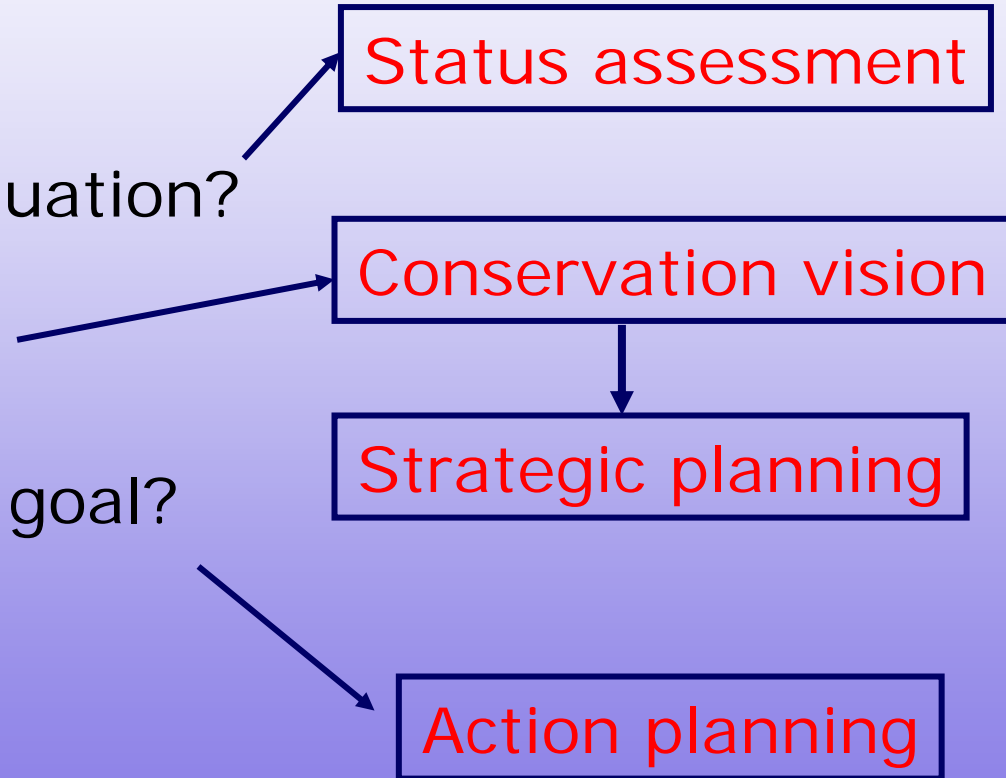
3. How can we reach the goal?

Status assessment

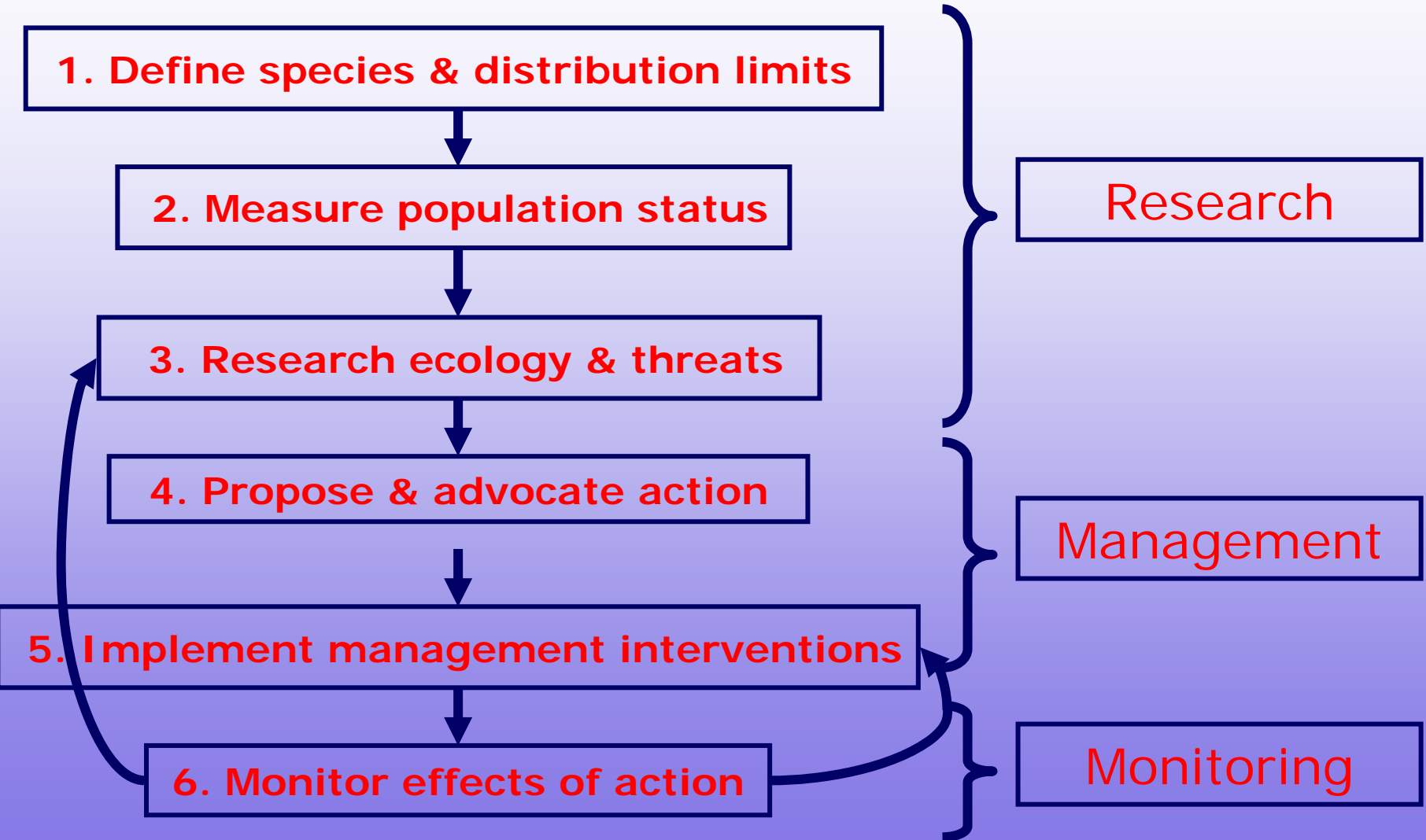
Conservation vision

Strategic planning

Action planning



# *What we do now*



## *From research to management*

- This is a big step
- Perhaps some SGs do not wish to take this step
- But it is necessary if we are to save species
- Gradual progress is most realistic

## *What are the issues*

- Knowledge (ecology)
- Stakeholders (people)
- Resources (money)
  
- If we want this to work, we have to broaden stakeholder involvement
- This really is the big decision for SGs – realistic involvement will mean more intense activity in a smaller area

## *How might this work*

- Old scheme: project briefs (largely ecological) developed for all threatened species – 1-2 paragraph outlines
- Maybe now identify suites of species: e.g. 23 Galliformes in India: or
- Perhaps a single species in some cases, e.g. CR white-winged guan from Peru
- Seek to include key national and state stakeholders
- Identify actions *with these stakeholders* that go beyond biology

## *Summary*

- The four step process does strengthen thinking
- It does move us towards action
- But it may be a fundamental change in approach for some SGs
- We need more discussion, sharing of experiences to make this really useful

*Realistic expectations*